

DURECT Corporation Reports First Quarter 2025 Financial Results and Provides Business Update

May 13, 2025, 16:05 ET

Planning a registrational Phase 3 trial for larsucosterol in alcohol-associated hepatitis (AH) with topline results expected within two years of trial initiation

Larsucosterol Phase 2b AHFIRM trial results published in NEJM Evidence in January 2025

CUPERTINO, Calif., May 13, 2025 /PRNewswire/ — DURECT Corporation (Nasdaq: <u>DRRX</u>) today announced financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025 and provided a business update.

"Our primary focus continues to be initiating the Phase 3 trial of larsucosterol for severe AH, contingent on securing sufficient funding," stated James E. Brown, D.V.M., President and CEO of DURECT. "We continue to be engaged in active dialogue to explore all options for funding the continued development of larsucosterol, including potential business development and financing transactions. Additionally, the publication of the results of our Phase 2b AHFIRM trial in January 2025 in *NEJM Evidence* provides important validation of the potential value of larsucosterol as a treatment for AH and supports our planned Phase 3 trial design."

Recent business highlights and updates:

- DURECT is planning a registrational Phase 3 trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of larsucosterol for the treatment of patients with severe AH. The trial will be a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multi-center study conducted in the U.S. The primary endpoint will be 90-day survival. The trial design incorporates feedback received from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) during a Type B meeting that took place in 2024 under Breakthrough Therapy Designation (BTD) as well as learnings from the prior Phase 2b AHFIRM trial in AH. DURECT's goal is to begin the trial in 2025, subject to obtaining sufficient funding, with topline results expected within two years of trial initiation.
- Results from the AHFIRM Phase 2b trial were published in NEJM Evidence in January 2025. In addition to highlighting the
 key findings from this study, the article also included new trial data, including subgroup analyses that explain regional
 differences in patient populations and in AH treatment regimens. Variations in time from hospitalization to first dose
 highlighted the importance of timely treatment in patients with severe AH. Top line data from AHFIRM were previously
 announced in November 2023.
- On May 6, 2025, Innocoll Pharmaceuticals Limited (Innocoll) transferred all data and know-how related to POSIMIR to us upon termination of the licensing agreement between us and Innocoll. We are evaluating next steps with respect to finding a new partner to commercialize POSIMIR.

Financial Highlights for the First Quarter 2025:

- Total revenues were \$0.3 million and net loss was \$4.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 compared to total revenues of \$0.5 million and net loss of \$7.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024.
- As of March 31, 2025, cash, cash equivalents and investments were \$8.4 million, compared to cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$12.0 million at December 31, 2024.

About the AHFIRM Trial

AHFIRM was a Phase 2b randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, international, multi-center study conducted in subjects with severe alcohol-associated hepatitis (**AH**) to evaluate the sa**F**ety and efficacy of la**R**sucosterol treat**M**ent (AHFIRM). The study was comprised of three arms and enrolled 307 patients, with approximately 100 patients in each arm: (1) Placebo, which consisted of standard of care, with or without methylprednisolone capsules at the investigators' discretion; (2) larsucosterol (30 mg); and (3) larsucosterol (90 mg). Patients in the larsucosterol arms received the same supportive care without steroids. The primary outcome measure was the 90-day incidence of mortality or liver transplantation for patients treated with larsucosterol compared to those treated with placebo, and the key secondary endpoint was 90-day survival. The Company enrolled patients at clinical trial sites across the U.S., EU, U.K., and Australia. In November 2023, the Company announced topline data for the AHFIRM Trial. Reflecting



the life-threatening nature of AH and the lack of therapeutic options, the U.S. FDA has granted larsucosterol Fast Track Designation and Breakthrough Therapy Designation for the treatment of AH. For more information, refer to ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT04563026.

About Alcohol-associated Hepatitis (AH)

AH is an acute form of alcohol-associated liver disease (ALD) associated with long-term heavy alcohol intake, often following a recent period of increased consumption (i.e., a binge). AH is typically characterized by severe inflammation and liver cell damage, potentially leading to life-threatening complications including liver failure, acute kidney injury and multi-organ failure. There are no FDA approved therapies for AH, and a retrospective analysis of 77 studies published between 1971 and 2016, which included data from 8,184 patients, showed the overall mortality from AH was 26% at 28 days, 29% at 90 days and 44% at 180 days. A subsequent global study published in December 2021, which included 85 tertiary centers in 11 countries across 3 continents, prospectively enrolled 2,581 AH patients with a median Model of End-Stage Liver Disease (MELD) score of 23.5, reported mortality at 28 and 90 days of approximately 20% and 31%, respectively. Stopping alcohol consumption is necessary, but frequently not sufficient for recovery in many moderate (defined as MELD scores of 11-20) and severe (defined as MELD scores >20) patients, and therapies that reduce liver inflammation, such as corticosteroids, are limited by contraindications, have not been shown to improve survival at 90 days or one year, and have demonstrated an increased risk of infection. While liver transplantation is becoming more common for ALD patients, including AH patients, the total number of such transplants is relatively small, and limited by organ availability. Average charges for a liver transplant exceed \$875,000, and patients require lifelong immunosuppressive therapy to prevent organ rejection.

About Larsucosterol

Larsucosterol is an endogenous sulfated oxysterol and an epigenetic modulator. Epigenetic regulators are compounds that regulate patterns of gene expression without modifying the DNA sequence. DNA hypermethylation, an example of epigenetic dysregulation, results in transcriptomic reprogramming and cellular dysfunction, and has been reported in many acute (e.g., AH) and chronic diseases (e.g., MASH). As an inhibitor of DNA methyltransferases (DNMT1, DNMT3a and3b), larsucosterol inhibits DNA methylation, which subsequently modulates expression of genes that are involved in cell signaling pathways associated with stress responses, cell death and survival, and lipid biosynthesis. This may ultimately lead to improved cell survival, reduced inflammation, and decreased lipotoxicity. As an epigenetic modulator, the proposed mechanism of action provides further scientific rationale for developing larsucosterol for the treatment of acute organ injury and certain chronic diseases.

About DURECT Corporation

DURECT is a late-stage biopharmaceutical company pioneering the development of epigenetic therapies that target dysregulated DNA methylation to transform the treatment of serious and life-threatening conditions, including acute organ injury. Larsucosterol, DURECT's lead drug candidate, binds to and inhibits the activity of DNA methyltransferases, epigenetic enzymes that are elevated and associated with hypermethylation found in AH patients. Larsucosterol is in clinical development for the potential treatment of AH, for which the FDA has granted a Fast Track and a Breakthrough Therapy designation; MASH has also been explored. For more information about DURECT, please visit www.durect.com and follow us on X (formerly Twitter) at https://x.com/DURECTCorp.

DURECT Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements, including statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, relating to: our plans regarding finding a new partner to commercialize POSIMIR, our plans to conduct a Phase 3 clinical trial of larsucosterol, the ability of the Phase 3 trial to be successful and, if successful, to support a New Drug Application filing, the sufficiency of our capital requirements and our ability to secure sufficient funding for a Phase 3 trial of larsucosterol, our expectations for timing of topline results from a Phase trial of larsucosterol and the potential uses of larsucosterol to treat patients with AH and potentially other indications. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements contained in this press release, and reported results should not be considered as an indication of future performance. The potential risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those projected include, among other things, the risk that future clinical trials of larsucosterol are delayed or do not confirm the results from subset analyses of the AHFIRM trial, including geographic or other segmentation, or of earlier clinical or pre-clinical trials, or do not demonstrate the safety or efficacy of larsucosterol in a statistically significant manner; the risk that we do not raise sufficient capital to commence or complete the Phase 3 clinical trial of larsucosterol in patients with AH or continue to fund our operations, the risk that the FDA or other government agencies may experience disruptions due to departmental funding shortages or require additional clinical trials for larsucosterol before approving larsucosterol for the treatment of AH, the risk that Breakthrough Therapy designation does not expedite the process for FDA approval and that larsucosterol may never be approved; and risks related to the sufficiency of our cash resources, our anticipated capital requirements, our ability to regain the minimum bid price for continued listing on Nasdag, and our ability to continue to operate as a going concern. Further information regarding these and other risks is included in



DURECT's most recent Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025, when filed, under the heading "Risk Factors." These reports are available on our website www.durect.com under the "Investors" tab and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. All information provided in this press release is based on information available to DURECT as of the date hereof, and DURECT assumes no obligation to update this information as a result of future events or developments, except as required by law.

NOTE: Larsucosterol is an investigational drug candidate under development and has not been approved for commercialization by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or other health authorities for any indication.

DURECT CORPORATION			
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS			
(in thousands, except per share amounts)			
(unaudited)			
	Three months ended		
	March 31		
	2025	2024	
Collaborative research and development and other revenue	\$ 321	\$ 496	
Total revenues	321	496	
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	1,883	4,119	
Selling, general and administrative	2,577	2,681	
Total operating expenses	4,460	6,800	
Loss from operations	(4,139)	(6,304)	
Other income (expense):			
Interest and other income	95	321	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(119)	(1,718)	
Other expense, net	(24)	(1,397)	
Loss from continuing operations	(4,163)	(7,701)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(69)	58	
Net loss	\$ (4,232)	\$ (7,643)	
Net change in unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities, net of reclassification adjustments and taxes	\$ -	\$ 4	
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (4,232)	\$ (7,639)	
Net loss per share, basic			



	Lana forma a sufficiency and an		Φ.	(0.40)	•	(0.05
	Loss from continuing opera		\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.25
	Income (loss) from discont	•	\$	_	\$	-
	Net loss per common shar	e	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.25
Net loss per share, diluted						
	Loss from continuing opera	ations	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.25
	Income (loss) from discont	inued operations	\$	_	\$	_
	Net loss per common share		\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.25
Veighted-average shares เ	used in computing net income ((loss) per share				
	Basic	(() F	31,04	12	30,6	37
	Diluted		31,04		30,6	
DURECT CORPORATION			,-		,-	
CONDENSED BALANCE S						
in thousands)						
,						
		As of		As of		
		March 31, 202	25	Deceml	per 31, 2024 ⁽	1)
		(unaudited)				
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivaler	nts	\$	7,963	\$	1	1,011
Short-term Investments		297		792		
Accounts receivable, net		330		453		
Inventories, net		85		106		
Prepaid expenses and of	ther current assets	737		813		
Total current assets		9,412		13,175		
Property and equipment, ne	et	38		41		
Operating lease right-of-use	e assets	1,912		2,135		
Goodwill		2,725		2,725		
ong-term restricted Invest	ments	150		150		
		123		123		
Other long-term assets						



Accounts payable	\$	313	\$	309
Accrued liabilities	4,603		4,771	
Operating lease liabilities, current portion	1,090		1,082	
Warrant liabilities	1,667		1,548	
Total current liabilities	7,673		7,710	
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent portion	893		1,124	
Other long-term liabilities	443		384	
Stockholders' equity	5,351		9,131	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	14,360	\$	18,349

(1) Derived from audited financial statements.

SOURCE DURECT Corporation